## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- A DNA segment encoding a MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 polypeptide.
- The DNA segment of claim 1, wherein the MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 5 2. polypeptide is murine.
  - The DNA segment of claim 2, wherein the MURF-1 polypeptide has the sequence 3. of SEQ ID NO:2, the MURF-2 polypeptide has the sequence of SEQ ID NO:4, and the MURF-3 polypeptide has the sequence of SEQ ID NO:6.

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- The DNA segment of claim 3, wherein the MURF-1 DNA segment has the sequence of SEQ D NO:1, the MURF-2 DNA segment has the sequence of SEQ ID NO:3, and the MURF-3 DNA segment has the sequence of SEQ ID NO:5.
- The DNA segment of claim 1, wherein the DNA segment is positioned under the 5. control of a promoter.

- The DNA segment of claim 5, wherein the promoter is not a native MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 coding region.
- The DNA segment of claim 5, wherein the MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 7. coding region gene is positioned in reverse orientation to the promoter, thereby capable of expressing an antisense product.

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- The DNA segment of claim 5, further comprising a polyadenylation signal. 8.
- The DNA segment of claim 5, further comprising an origin of replication. 9.

The DNA segment of claim 9, wherein the vector is a viral vector. 10.

The DNA segment of claim 10, wherein the vector is a non-viral vector.

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12. A host cell comprising a DNA segment that encodes a MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 polypeptide, wherein said DNA segment comprises a promoter heterologous to the MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 coding region.

- 13. The host cell of claim 12, further defined as a prokaryotic host cell.
- 14. The host cell of claim 12, further defined as a eukaryotic host cell.
- 15. The host cell of claim 12, wherein the MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 polypeptide (sprurine.
- 16. The host cell of claim 14, wherein the host cell is a secretory cell.
- The host cell of claim 15, wherein the MURF-1 polypeptide has the sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, the MURF-2 polypeptide has the sequence of SEQ ID NO:4, and the MURF-3 polypeptide has the sequence of SEQ ID NO:6.

18. A method of using a host cell comprising an expression cassette comprising a polynucleotide encoding a MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 polypeptide and a promoter active in said host cell, said promoter directing the expression of said polypeptide, said method comprising culturing the host cell under conditions suitable for the expression of the MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 polypeptide.

An isolated nucleic acid segment comprising at least 15 contiguous nucleotides of SEQ ID NO:1, SEQ ID NO:3 or SEQ ID NO:5.

20. The isolated prefeic acid segment of claim 19, wherein said segment is 15 nucleotides in length.

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- The isolated nucleic acid segment of claim 19, wherein said segment is 20 nucleotides in length.
- The isolated nucleic acid segment of claim 19, wherein said segment is 25 nucleotides in length.
  - 23. The isolated nucleic acid segment of claim 19, wherein said segment is 30 nucleotides in length.
- The isolated nucleic acid segment of claim 19, wherein said segment is 35 nucleotides in length.
  - 25. The isolated nucleic acid segment of claim 19, wherein said segment is 50 nucleotides in length.
  - The isolated nucleic acid segment of claim 19, wherein the number of contiguous nucleotides is 20.
  - 27. The isolated nucleic acid segment of claim 19, wherein the number of contiguous nucleotides is 25.
  - 28. The isolated nucleic acid segment of claim 19, wherein the number of contiguous nucleotides is 30.
- 25 29. The isolated nucleic acid segment of claim 19, wherein the number of contiguous nucleotides is 35.
  - The isolated nucleic acid segment of claim 19, wherein the number of contiguous nucleotides is 50.

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- An isolated nucleic acid segment of from 14 to about 888 nucleotides in length that hybridizes to the nucleic acid segment of SEQ ID NO:1, SEQ ID NO:3 or SEQ ID NO:5, or complements thereof, under standard hybridization conditions.
- The isolated nucleic acid segment of claim 31, further comprising an origin of replication.
  - The isolated nucleic acid of claim 31, wherein said isolated nucleic acid is a viral vector selected from the group consisting of retrovirus, adenovirus, herpesvirus, vaccinia virus, poxvirus, and adeno-associated virus.
    - 34. The isolated nucleic acid of claim 31, wherein said nucleic acid is packaged in a virus particle.
  - The isolated nucleic acid of claim 31, wherein said nucleic acid is packaged in a liposome.
  - A nucleic acid detection kit comprising, in suitable container means, an isolated nucleic acid segment that hybridizes under high stringency conditions to the nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:1, SEQ ID NO:3 or SEQ ID NO:5, or complements thereof.
  - 37. The kit of claim 36, further comprising a detection reagent.
- The kit of claim 36, wherein said detection reagent is a detectable label that is linked to said nucleic acid segment.
  - The kit of claim 36, wherein the nucleic acid segment comprises a contiguous sequence from SEQ ID NO:1, SEQ ID NO:3 or SEQ ID NO:5, or complements thereof.

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- The kit of claim 36, wherein the kit comprises pair of primers for amplifying a sequence from SEQ ID NO:1, SEQ ID NO:5 or SEQ ID NO:5, or complements thereof.
- A composition comprising a purified MURF-1 or MURF-2 protein or peptide that includes a configuous amino acid sequence from SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:4 or SEQ ID NO:6
- 42. A purified MURF protein having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:4 or SEQ ID NO:6.
  - A recombinant MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 protein or peptide prepared by expressing a DNA segment that encodes a MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 protein or peptide in a recombinant host cell and purifying the expressed MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 protein or peptide away from total recombinant host cell components.
  - An isolated peptide of between about 10 and about 50 amino acids in length, comprising a contiguous amino acid sequence from the sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:4 or SEQ ID NO:6.
  - The peptide of claim 44, wherein said peptide is about 10 amino acids in length.
  - The peptide of claim 44, wherein said peptide is about 15 amino acids in length.
  - The peptide of claim 44, wherein said peptide is about 20 amino acids in length.
  - The peptide of claim 44, wherein said peptide is about 25 amino acids in length.
- The peptide of claim 44, wherein said peptide is about 30 amino acids in length.

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- 50. The peptide of claim 44, wherein said peptide is about 50 amino acids in length.
- An antibody composition that binds to a protein or peptide that includes an epitope from SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:4 or SEQ ID NO:6.
- The antibody composition of claim 51, wherein the antibody composition comprises monoclonal antibodies.
- The antibody composition of claim 51, wherein antibodies of the composition are operatively attached to a detectable label.
  - The antibody composition of claim 53, wherein the label is selected from the group consisting of a fluorescent label, a chemiluminescent label, a electroluminescent label, a radiolabel and an enzyme.
  - The antibody composition of claim 51, wherein the antibody composition is polyclonal.
  - 56. A hybridoma cell that produces a monoclonal antibody that binds immunologically to MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3.
  - An immunodetection kit comprising, in suitable container means, a first antibody that binds to a MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 protein or peptide.
- The kit of claim 57, wherein the first antibody comprises is a detectable label.
  - 59. The kit of claim 57, further comprising a second antibody that has binding affinity for the first antibody, the second antibody comprising a detectable label.
- 30 60. The kit of claim 57, wherein the first antibody is bound to a solid support.

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- A method for detecting alterations in MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 function in a cell comprising assessing the structure or expression level of a MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 polypeptide.
- The method of claim 61, wherein assessing comprises determining the structure of a MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-33 gene.
  - The method of claim 62, comprising sequencing a MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 gene.
  - 64. The method of claim 62, comprising Southern or Northern analysis of a MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 transcript or gene.
    - 65. The method of claim 61, wherein assessing comprises determining the level of a MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 protein or transcript in the cell.
    - 66. The method of claim 65, comprising Northern analysis of MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 transcripts.
    - 67. The method of claim 65, comprising immunodetection of MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 protein levels.
    - 68. The method of claim 67, wherein immunodetection comprises ELISA.
- 25 69. The method of claim 67, wherein immunodection comprises Western blot.
  - 70. A method for increasing MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 activity in cell comprising administering to the cell with an expression construct comprising a MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 coding region under the control of a promoter active in the cell.

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- 71. The method of claim 70, wherein the promoter is myosin light chain-2 promoter, alpha actin promoter, troponin 1 promoter, Na<sup>+</sup>/Ca<sup>2+</sup> exchanger promoter, dystrophin promoter, creatine kinase promoter, alpha7 integrin promoter, brain natriuretic peptide promoter, alpha B-crystallin/small heat shock protein promoter, alpha myosin heavy chain promoter and ANF promoter.
- 72. The method of claim 70, wherein the host cell is cardiomyocyte.
- 73. The method of claim 70, wherein the expression construct is a viral expression construct.
  - 74. The method of claim 73, wherein the viral expression construct is encapsulated in a viral particle.
- 75. The method of laim 73, wherein the viral expression construct is selected from the group consisting of retrovirus, adenovirus, adeno-associated virus, herpesvirus, polyoma virus, vaccinia virus, and poxvirus.
  - 76. The method of claim 70, wherein the expression construct is a non-viral expression construct.
  - 77. The method of claim 76, wherein said expression construct is encapsulated in a liposome.
- 25 78. A method of screening a candidate substance for MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 binding activity comprising:
  - (i) providing a MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 polypeptide;
  - (ii) contacting the MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 polypeptide with the candidate substance; and

MURF-2 of MURF-3 polypeptide.

or MURF-3 interaction with microtubles comprising:

providing a microtubule composition;

determining the binding of the candidate substance to the MURF-1,

The method of claim 78, wherein the assay is performed in a cell free system.

The method of claim 78, wherein the assay is performed in a cell.

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contacting the microtubule composition with MURF-1, MURF-2 or

MURF-3 polypeptide in the presence of the candidate substance; and

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(i)

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- (ii) contacting the cell with the candidate substance; and
- (iii) determining the effect of the candidate substance on glutamic acid modification of microtubules.
- A method of screening a candidate sustance for an effect on MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 stabilization of microtubles comprising:
  - (i) providing a microtubule composition;
  - (ii) contacting the microtubule composition with MURF-1 or MURF-2 polypeptice in the presence of the candidate substance; and
  - (iii) assessing the stability of the microtubule composition in the presence of the candidate substance,

wherein a change in the stability of MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 with the microtubule composition, as compared to the stability in the absence of the candidate substance, indicates that the candidate substance modulates the stability microtubules.

- 92. A transgenic non-human mammal, cells of which comprise a MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 encoding nucleic acid segment integrated into their genome, wherein the MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 encoding nucleic acid is under the control of a heterologous promoter.
- 73. The transgenic mammal of claim 92, wherein the promoter is a tissue specific promoter.
  - 94. The transgenic mammal of claim 93, wherein the tissue specific promoter is a muscle specific promoter.
- The transgenic mammal of claims 94, wherein the muscle specific promoter is is selected from the group consisting of myosin light chain-2 promoter, alpha actin

promoter, troponin 1 promoter, Na<sup>+</sup>/Ca<sup>2+</sup> exchanger promoter, dystrophin promoter, creatine kinase promoter, alpha7 integrin promoter, brain natriuretic peptide promoter, myosoin heavy chain promoter, ANF promoter, and alpha B-crystallin/small heat shock protein promoter.

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- 96. The transgenic mammal of claim 92, wherein is said mammal is a mouse.
- A method of treating cardiac failure comprising increasing MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 activity in a cardiac cell, wherein said increased MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 activity stabilizes microtubules and/or intermediate filaments.
- The method of claims 97, wherein increasing MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 activity comprises contacting said cardiac cell with an expression cassette that comprises a polynucleotide encoding a MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 polypeptide and a promoter active in said cardiac cell, wherein said promoter directing the expression of said polypeptide.
- 99. The method of claim 98, wherein said promoter is a cardiac specific promoter.
- The method of claim 98, wherein contacting comprises intravenous or intraarterial administration of a vector comprising said expression cassette.
- 101. A method of modulating MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 activity in a cell comprising administering to said cell an agent that modulates MURF-1, MURF-2 and/or MURF-3 activity.
- The method of claim 101, wherein said agent inhibits MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 activity.
- The method of claim 10, wherein said agent is a small molecule.

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- The method of claim 102, wherein said agent is an antisense molecule that hybridizes to MURF-1, MURF-2 and/or MURF-3 transcripts.
- The method of claim 102, wherein said agent is a ribozyme molecule that cleaves MURF-1, MURF-2 and/or MURF-3 transcripts.
- The method of claim 101, wherein said agent enhances MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 activity.
- 107. A method of blocking MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 expression in a cell comprising administering to said cell an agent that inhibits transcription or translation of MURF-1, MURF-2 and/or MURF-3.
  - 108. A method of increasing MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 expression in a cell comprising administering to said cell an agent that promotes transcription or translation of MURF-1, MURF-2 and/or MURF-3.
  - 109. A method of screening a candidate sustance for an effect on MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 interaction with intermediate filaments comprising:
    - (i) providing an intermediate filament composition;
    - (ii) contacting the intermediate filament composition with MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 polypeptide in the presence of the candidate substance; and
    - (iii) assessing the interaction of MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 with the intermediate filament composition in the presence of the candidate substance,

wherein a change in the interaction of MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 with the intermediate filament composition, as compared to the interaction in the absence of the candidate substance, indicates that the candidate substance modulates the interaction of MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 and intermediate filament.

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- 110. The method of claim 109, wherein step (ii) is performed in a cell free system.
- 111. The method of claim 109, wherein step (ii) is performed in a cell.
- 112. The method of claim 109, wherein step (ii) is performed in vivo.
- 113. The method of claim 109, wherein step (iii) comprises a cosedimentation assay.
- 10 114. The method of claim 109, wherein said intermediate filaments are one or more of desmin, vimentin and cytokeratin.
  - 115. A method for screening a candidate substance for an effect on MURF heterodimerization comprising:
    - (i) providing two or more of a MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3 polypeptide composition;
    - (ii) contacting the compositions with the candidate substance; and
    - (iii) determining the effect of the candidate substance on the heterodimerization of two or more of MURF-1, MURF-2 or MURF-3.

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